## Geometry

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Pre-Calculus Mathematics for Business and
Economics

## Sub-Topics

1. Working an equation: circles
2. Distance in the plane
3. Finding a side length of a rectangle
4. Pythagorean Theorem
5. Area of a triangle

6 . Find the angle measure of a triangle

## The Equation of a Circle

A circle has an equation of the form:

$$
(x-h)^{2}(y-k)^{2}=r^{2}
$$

- $(h, k)$ are the coordinates for the center of the circle.
- $r$ is the radius of the circle.
- $x$ is the $x$-axis coordinate on the circle.
- $y$ is the $y$-axis coordinate on the circle.

Use this equation to solve the next two problems.

## Graph the circle: $x^{2}+y^{2}+2 x-4 y-11=0$

Equation of a circle: Find an equation of the circle that has center $(-3,1)$ and passes through $(3,-2)$.

Distance in the plane: calculate the distance between the points $H=(-9,8)$ and $F=(-2,4)$ in the coordinate plane. Give an exact answer (not a decimal approximation).

The perimeter of the rectangle below is 112 units. Find the length of side $V \bar{W}$. Write your answer without variables.


## Pythagorean Theorem

$$
a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}
$$



Pythagorean Theorem: for the following right triangle, find the side length, $x$. Round your answer to the nearest hundredth.


Area of a triangle: find the area of the triangle below. Be sure to include the correct unit in your answer.


## Angle Measure of a Triangle: Find the value of $x$



